SUMMARY TELEGRAPH NEWS

NEWS OF THE WORLD IN BRIEF.

A Complete Review of the Events of the Past Week—In This and Foreign Lands—Taken From the Latest Dispatches.

Wednesday was the hottest ever recorded in Chicago, the mercury in the weather tower showing 101 1-2 degrees, while thermometers on the streets were from two to four degrees hotter.

The Minnesota state pardon board has approved the parole of Cole and James Younger, who have been in the Stillwater penitentiary for the past 25 years for complicity in the robbery and murder at the time of the raid on the Northfield, Minn., bank.

The town of Port La Vica, Calhoun county, Texas, was swept away recently by a storm. Nearly all the houses were blown away and a large number of boats were wrecked. No lives are reported lost. Port La Vica is on the Gulf of Mexico, on La Vica bay.

Glasgow, Mont., July 11.—Sheriff Griffith has arrived for reinforcements and brought the first authentic news of the whereabouts of the bandits who held up the Great Northern express near Malta. He is confident that he has the outlaws cornered 90 miles south of the railroad on the north side of the Missouri river and between the river and the Little Rockies.

The state department has received the amount of the American indemnity claims against Turkey—$95,000—through the American legation at Constantinople. The money was paid by the Turkish government to Mr. Leishman, our minister at Constantinople, and was by him placed in the Ottoman Imperial bank and drafts remitted for the amount. These drafts have just reached Washington.

Fire destroyed the O'Brien boiler works at St. Joseph, Mo. Loss estimated at $100,000.

Kansas grain is burning up in the worst heated spell since the summer of 1860. Corn also is a failure.

Sunday was the hottest day of the season in southern Kansas, the thermometer registering as high as 118 in the sun.

E. H. Conger, United States minister to China, will sail Wednesday from on the steamer Nippon Maru, en route to Pekin.

Six persons were drowned while surf bathing at a picnic of the Hebrew Gamahl Hasad, at Daufskie beach, near Savanah, Ga.

Miss Melba is suffering from an attack of laryngitis and her physicians have advised her not to sing at Covent Garden for a week.

Coleman and James Younger, who were granted a conditional parole by the board of pardons on Wednesday, last, have been released from the Stillwater penitentiary.

At Springfield, O., Paul Hague, known as Prof. Zeno, an aeronaut, was fatally injured Sunday afternoon at Island Park, falling 200 feet. His parachute failed to open.

With a capitalization of between $1,000,000 and $2,000,000, 12 of the chief vaudeville theaters between Chicago and the Pacific coast are about to be merged into a single property.

At Dennison, Texas, the worst drouth ever experienced was broken Sunday afternoon by a terrific rainfall of over two hours' duration, the volume of rain being almost equal to a cloudburst.

At Niagara Falls, N. Y., Carlisle Graham Sunday afternoon made his fifth successful voyage through the Whirlpool rapids in a barrel. The start was made from the Maid of the Mist landing, below the falls.

Secretary of Agriculture Wilson hopes that the corn crop of the western states has not yet been ruined by the drought. He is disposed to believe the reports as to the damage have been exaggerated.

The steamer John S. Kimball, July 4 from Nome, has arrived in Seattle with 20 passengers and $75,000 in gold from the district, consigned principally to a local bank. She reports that St. Michael, as regards the discharge of freight from steamers, was still leblocked July 3.

M. Santos Dumont's cigar shaped balloon, driven by a motor, had a trial recently from St. Cloud, across Paris, around the Eiffel tower and back to St. Cloud. The papers say the trip was quite successful and that the balloon ascended and descended apparently at the will of the aeronaut.

In all parts of France Sunday, the national fete day, the anniversary of the fall of the Bastile, was celebrated with much enthusiasm and without disorder. There were reviews at all naval and military stations, followed by illuminations, fireworks and balls in the evening. The Parisians participated with their usual zest.

Up to within a week the outlook for the harvest in the middle west was favorable. Wheat was doing well in Minnesota and the Dakotas, but it is now believed that drouth in some sections and floods in others will reduce the figures below the estimates made earlier in the year. What effect the present torrid wave will have on the crop can not now be foretold.

Major Putnam B. Strong quartermaster's department, U. S. A., has announced that he had resigned from the army for personal and financial reasons and that his resignation had been accepted by Secretary Root. The resignation followed the publication of an escapade in San Francisco in which Strong and Lady Francis Hope, formerly May Yohe, are the principals.

The departure from Pekin of Prince Chun, younger brother of Emperor Kwang Su, who has been selected formally to apologize at Berlin for the murder of Baron von Ketteler, was a spectacular event. A special train took Prince Chun and his suite from Pekin to Taku, from which port he will proceed by steamer to Shanghai. He will sail from Shanghai July 20 for Genoa and will proceed directly from there to Berlin by rail.

There were in 1880 280 places of more than 4,000 population each, with an aggregate population of 12,936,110, or 25.8 per cent of the population. About one half of the urban population of 1900 was contained in cities of over 100,000 people. There were 38 of these cities, with a combined population of 14,208,376. There are now 1,150 places of over 4,000 people in the country, as against 800 in 1890. The population of the District of Columbia is regarded as urban.

The census office has issued a bulletin concerning the urban population of the country. It shows that 28,411,628 people in the United States live in cities and towns of over 4,000 population. This is 37.3 per cent of the entire population, a gain of almost 6 per cent since the census of 1890, when the percentage was 32.9. Compared with the census of 1880, the report shows a gain in the urban population of the country of more than a third in percentage and of considerably more than double in actual numbers.

NEWS ITEMS.

A portion of the drouth stricken southwest Kansas has been relieved by rain.

Mose La Fontise of Butte was given the decision over Dave Barry of Canada in a 20 round go recently.

Advices from Dawson, under date of June 28, state the gold shipments to the outside this year have amounted to $5,000,000 to date.

The weather is the hottest known in Berlin for several years. A number of people are dying of sunstroke. Violent thunder storms are reported.

A terrible storm struck the Pleasant Point district on Carberry plains, near Winnipeg, recently, doing $100,000 damage to crops and farm buildings.

Frank Scott, 26 years old, is in jail at Lewiston, Idaho, charged with the attempted assault of Alice Parsley, a 15 year old girl living at Morrow.

A special from Big Sandy, in northern Montana, tells of the lynching of three horsethieves by a posse of infuriated ranchers on the Missouri river just below Judith.

Word reached Hereford, Tex., of a regular pitched battle and wholesale killing between Mexicans and negroes, who are working on the new Rock Island extension in Mexico, 100 miles west of that place.

Deputy Game Warden F. A. Mellaney of Deta, Cal., halfblood Indian, shot and killed W. A. Womack and fatally wounded A. L. Hinchman, who, it is claimed, resisted arrest while illegally fishing in Grandmesa lake.

The Idaho state board of pardons unanimously decided to commute the sentence of "Diamondfield Jack" Davis to imprisonment for life. Davis was under sentence to hang on next Wednesday for the murder of two sheepmen in Cassia county in February, 1896.

The final racing trial of the two Shamrocks was over a 36 mile course from Craigmore Swelmorlie, thence to Timon-End off Largs and back to the starting point. This course was sailed twice over. A fresh, strong westerly wind of from 13 to 14 knots was blowing. The challenger had the better of the maneuvering for position and led the Shamrock I. over the line by about three lengths.

"More than 100 persons, including troops and police, were wounded Monday in an encounter at Lemberg," says the Vienna correspondent of the London Express, "growing out of an attempt by the police to stop street parades held in a demonstration on behalf of the unemployed. The mob threw up barricades and defied the police. The troops were called in and charged again and again, using bayonets and bullets. Ultimately the demonstrators were dislodged. Lemberg is strongly guarded, but it is reported the mob is preparing for another fight during the night."

Packing House Burned.

Wichita, Kan., July 17.—The packing plant of Jacob Dold & Sons of this city was totally destroyed by fire this morning. There were four large buildings. It is estimated that 7,000,000 pounds of meat in process of preparation was destroyed. The loss is estimated at $1,000,000; insurance about $600,000. One wall fell, injuring four men, but not fatally. It is said the plant will be rebuilt at once. The fire originated in the lard house, and is thought to have been spontaneous combustion.

Failed to Break Open Strong Box.

Columbus, Ohio, July 17.—A gang of six or seven robbers wrecked the Reeder & Ashbrook bank at Alexandria, in Licking county. The strong box resisted their efforts and they overlooked a package of $1500 in the outer vault, which they blew almost to pieces.

STEEL WORKERS ON A STRIKE

PRES. SHAFFER SENDS WORD.

Three Day Conference Came to Naught—50,000 Skilled Workmen Affected—Both Sides Make Statements—Prolonged War Expected.

Pittsburg, July 14.—After a three days' session the conference between the representatives of the American Sheet Steel, American Steel Hoop company and American Tin Plate company, subsidiary companies of the United States Steel corporation, and the general executive board of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers, adjourned finally without reaching an agreement. In less than an hour later President Shaffer of the Amalgamated Association had wired the following order to all the Amalgamated lodges in the tin plate, steel hoop and sheet steel mills of the country:

"Notify your men that the mill is on strike and will not continue work on Monday, July 15."

President Shaffer says that for the present the three companies will be affected, but that later all the union men in the employ of the Federal Steel company, National Steel company and National Tube company may be called out if it is found necessary to resort to extreme measures to win the fight. At the start, it is claimed 45,000 skilled workmen, 30,000 unskilled men and indirectly many thousands more will be affected.

After the adjournment of the conference the following statement was given out by the officials of the three companies interested:

"The conference between the Amalgamated association and the sheet, hoop and tin plate companies failed to come to an agreement because the Amalgamated association did not recede from its original position, which was that the three companies interested should sign for all their mills without regard as to whether these mills had in the past belonged to the Amalgamated association or not. The manufacturers did not refuse their rights to organize, but having many men in the mills not in the Amalgamated association who do not wish to become association men, claimed they might respect these men in their wishes as well as those who are members of the association. In order to effect a compromise the manufacturers offered to sign for several mills which have always been in the association. No compromise was offered by the Amalgamated association. The American Tin Plate company have only one non-union mill. They requested the privilege of making a special scale for this mill and to sign the same. This was refused and the company was given to understand that the men in all the tin mills would be called out, even though the scale has been signed for all other tin mills. The privilege requested above would settle all differences between the tin plate company and the Amalgamated association."

As soon as the workers reached the headquarters of the Amalgamated association a statement was prepared for the association side of the case. President Shaffer has made this public as follows:

"On Friday afternoon the manufacturers made their first proposition for a settlement of this strike, in which they said: 'We agree to unionize the Old Meadow mill in Scottdale and in Old Meadow, by leaving it to the opinion Saltzburg, by leaving it to the opinion of the men employed there, if such opinion is properly obtained.'

"This proposition was generally discussed, and this morning before the conference adjourned for lunch the general executive board of the Amalgamated association submitted the following: 'We hereby repeat our request that our scale be signed for all mills owned and controlled by the American Sheet Steel, the American Steel Hoop and the American Tin Plate companies, and believe that this should be conceded, because it is in our opinion reasonable and just. We agree if our scales are signed as stated above to classify the Monessen plant and arrange a scale in accordance therewith. Also that there shall be a reconstruction of the scale for the mills working hoop and cotton ties exclusively, and we also agree that if our work of organizing mills outside of the possessions of the above companies should cause the shutting down of plants or the calling out of men there shall be no interference with the operation of the mills belonging to or operated by the American Sheet Steel company, the American Steel Hoop company or the American Tin Plate company during the scale year.

"'This agreement is to abrogate all contracts signed by the men of these companies on which they agree not to join or be connected with the Amalgamated association or any other labor organization.'

"After luncheon we were met with the following counter proposition from the manufacturers:

"'We agree etc sign the scale for the following sheet mills: The Old Meadow rolling mill, Scottdale; the Salt Spring mills, the Wood mills in McKeesport, and the Wellesville mills.'

"Of course this proposition was rejected, as it was considered no proposition at all, inasmuch as Wellesville plant is organized to a man and so is the Wood mill in McKeesport.

"The conference adjourned soon after this with regret expressed on both sides for the failure to reach an agreement."

Big Strike Is On.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 16.—The strike of the members of the Amalgamated association employed in the tinplate, sheet and hoop mills, which was ordered Saturday night as a result of the disagreement between the conferences of the United States Steel corporation and the Amalgamated association, was generally observed today. In the Pittsburg district the skilled workmen who are under control of the union failed to put in an appearance, or, if they did go to the mills, it was merely as spectators and with no intention of working.

TRAIN COLLISION OCCURS

SEVERAL LIVES WERE LOST.

Conductor Mistaken in His Orders—A Smashup Followed—Trains Went Into the Arkansas River—Express Struck by an Engine.

Parsons, Kan., July 16.—A head end collision between two local freight trains on the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railroad near Wymark, I. T., killed five men and three others were probably fatally injured. The dead are: Joe Morris of Parsons, two unknown tramps, James Leveille, head brakeman, of Parsons, Frank Fitzgerald, head brakeman.

The injured: Joe Massey, terribly crushed and injured internally, death expected any moment; Fireman Bean of Parsons, badly cut about the head, and leg broken; Fireman Killarney of Parsons, chest crushed and head cut.

The collision occurred on a bridge over the Arkansas river. There is a sharp curve near the bridge, and when the engineer saw the danger the engines were too close to each other to be stopped.

The two engines came together in the middle of the bridge, the bridge collapsing and both engines fell into the river. The two trains caught fire after the engines went into the river and burned the bridge, as well as the cars. The two engines are reported to be buried in the quicksand in the river. The local freight was to have sidetracked at Wymark to let the other freight pass, but the conductor made a mistake in reading his orders.

Parkersburg, W. Va., July 16.—Two persons were killed outright, one fatally injured and several others less seriously hurt in a head end collision on the Ohio River railroad at Pedens Valley. The Ohio Valley express on the way from Cincinnati to Pittsburg was run into at full speed by a loose engine southbound, and both engines were almost demolished. The dead: Engineer Courtritz, Ohio Valley express, of Wheeling, W. Va.; William Boothby, fireman, of Parkersburg.

William Day of Parkersburg, engineer of the loose engine, was fatally injured and will probably die.

Sailors Get Prize Money.

Mount Ayrie, Ga., July 15.—Judge Spear of the United States superior court has handed down his decree distributing the money arising from the capture of the British steamer Adula during the Spanish war.

The Adula was owned by the Atlas Steamship company and chartered to a Spaniard, Don Jose Solis. The capture was made by the Marblehead, Commander McCalla, while the Adula was attempting to run a blockade at Guantanamo bay during the Spanish-American war. The amount realized on the stipulation given by the owners for the Adula was $50,000. This sum, less the costs and expenses of keeping the ship, expenses of litigation, insurance, losses from salvage and the like, was distributed, one half to the United States and one half to the officers and enlisted men of the navy entitled to the prize money.

A Butte Smelter Starts Up.

Butte, Mont., July 15.—After being idle for six weeks on account of differences with the employes over the eight hour question the Colorado smelter has started up with a full force of men. The trouble arose over the demand of the smelter men that the outside men, including machinists, should receive the benefit of the eight hour law. The company, not being willing to concede this, closed down the works. The men will go to work on the old arrangement, by which all men actually employed in the work of smelting get eight hours a day at the same wages as formerly paid for 10. The machinists get the nine hours demanded by the national organizations. The outside machinists work 10 hours.

Masragni is one of the men who wears bracelets, and they are not confined to his arms, but ornament his ankles as well. The creator of "Cavalleria Rusticana" is said to be passionately fond of jewelry and numbers many splendid and valuable rings, given to him as well as bought by his own money, among his personal effects.

It takes longer to bring a carbuncle to a head than it does to forget a favor.

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They take possession of the body, and are Lords of Misrule.

They are attended by pimples, boils, the itching tetter, salt rheum, and other cutaneous eruptions; by feelings of weakness, languor, general debility and what not.

They cause more suffering than anything else.

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Which radically and permanently drives them out and builds up the whole system.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

If you haven't a regular healthy movement of the bowels every day, you're sick, or will be. Keep your bowels open and be well. Force, in the shape of violent physic or pill poison, is dangerous. The smoothest, easiest, most perfect way of keeping the bowels clean and clean is to take

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CATALOGUES FREE.

SHOWING FULL LINE OF SLICKERS AND HATS.

A. J. TOWER CO. BOSTON, MASS. U.S.A.

In the royal household of England a candle once extinguished may never again be relighted within the precincts of the palace.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON,
(Seal) Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

German army officers have grown sensative. The Berlin Guards regiments have tabooed the Weekly Die Woche on account of a tale by Ernst Wichert in which some of the officers' misdeeds are related.

E. W. Grove

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be remedy that cures a cold in one day

The most thoroughly competent golf instructor in Boston is Mrs. William Campbell, a Scotchwomen, who came to this country with her husband seven years ago.

Holt's School.

At Menlo Park, San Mateo County, Cal., with the best location, accessibility, perfect climate, parents' supervision, thorough instruction, complete laboratories and gymnasium, easily take rank in position in the front ranks of schools for boys on the Pacific Coast. Ira G. Holt, Ph. D., Principal.

The cities of Dublin, Belfast, Cork and Limerick, with a total population about equal to that of Glasgow, contain less than a sixth of the population of Ireland.

Kill Germs of Disease.

The modern way to cure disease is to destroy the germs. Cascarets Candy Cathartic are modern germ killers and cleansers. Druggists, 10c., 25c., 50c.

Geneva is trying to attract sinful tourists. It is announced that baccarat may be played for unlimited stakes in the Kur Saal hereafter.

FITS Permanently Cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

The governor of Ohio before the adoption of the present constitution, received a salary of $4,000 a year. It is now $8,000.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.

Bananas with purple leaves and seedless fruit have been introduced into British conservatories.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. Samuel, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

The average American's views of Europe are mostly stereoscopic.