Prices Paid in Spokane.

Poultry and eggs—Chickens, old, 9@10c per lb, live weight; ducks, $4 per doz; geese, dressed, 12c per lb; turkeys, live, 10@12c; dressed 12@13c; eggs, fresh, $4.25 per case.

Vegetables—Potatoes, $1.25 per cwt; onions, 3.50 per cwt.

Hides—Green hides and calf skins, 5@6c per lb; dry hides, butcher, 10@12c per lb.

Live stock—Beef, live steers, 4½@; dressed, 8c; live cows, 3½@; dressed, 7½@; veal calves, dressed, 7@9c; mutton, ewes, 3c; wethers, 3½@; hogs, live, $4.75@5 per cwt; dressed, $7 per cwt.

Sheepskins—Shearlings, 10c each; short wool pelts, 30@50c; medium wool, 50@75c; long wool, 75c@$1.

The local mills pay the following prices for grain, delivered: Club wheat, 44½c bulk, 46½c sacked; bluestem, 47c bulk, 49c sacked; red, 43c bulk, 44c sacked.

The sun's surface is known to be subject to greatly increased disturbances every 11 years, known as the sunspot period. Auroral displays and disturbances of the earth's magnetism have a similar period.

The trolley cars now being rapidly added to the surface lines in Buffalo are manned largely by young Canadian farmers. The railway people say they make better help than almost any other kind.

An advertisement in a Hamburg paper dated 1801 shows that cigars were in use (though very little, as compared with pipes) in Germany a century ago.

According to the report of a United States consul, there are in Brazil 300,000 Germans, 1,300,000 Italians, 600,000 Portuguese and 100,000 Spaniards.

It requires more than 100 gallons of oil a year to keep the largest locomotive in smooth running order.

Visitor (the fire is his eye dying out)—"Show me some of your wheelbarrows."—Philadelphia Press.

H. S. Mulit, city treasurer of Lebanon, committed suicide in his barn by shooting himself in the mouth with a revolver. Mr. Mulit had been in poor health for about six months.

Poco, Premo, Korona, Graphic, Cyclone, Vive, Hawkeye, Al-Vista cameras and Eastman kodaks in stock. Send for special catalog of any of them. Kick, Geary & Co., 330 Sutter St., S. F.

Milan, in Italy, will soon have a "Rowton house" in which 600 persons can get clean beds in well ventilated rooms for seven cents a night.

SUFFRAGE LAW IN ALABAMA

MOST IMPORTANT SECTIONS.

Election Article of Proposed New Constitution—Presented in Sections—Two Reports Sent In—Must Own Land.

Montgomery, Ala., July 2.—The suffrage and election article of the proposed new constitution has been submitted to the constitutional convention: Following are the most important sections:

Section 2—To entitle a citizen to vote at any election he shall have resided in the state at least two years in the county one year and in the precinct or ward three months immediately preceding the election at which he offers to vote, and he shall have been duly registered as an elector and shall have paid all poll taxes due from him for the year 1901, and for each subsequent year.

Section 3—The general assembly shall provide for county boards of registration after January, 1903. Until then the boards are to be appointed by the governor, auditor and commissioner of agriculture and industries, and are to consist of three citizens.

Section 4—The following male citizens of this state who are citizens of the United States, 21 years of age or upwards, and who are not disqualified under section 7 of this article, shall upon application be entitled to register as electors (during life) prior to the 1st day of January, 1903:

First, all who have honorably served in the land or naval forces of the United States in the war of 1812 or in the war with Mexico, or in any war with the Indians or in the civil war between the states, or who honorably served in the land or naval forces of the confederate states.

Second, the lawful descendants of persons mentioned in the above section.

Third, all others of good character who understand the duties of citizenship and the obligations of the elective franchise.

Section 6—After the 1st day of January, 1903, the following persons, and no others, shall be qualified to register as electors, provided they shall not be disqualified under section 7 of this article:

First, those who can, unless prevented by physical disability, read and write any article of the constitution of the United States in the English language, and who, being physically able to work, have been regularly engaged in some lawful business or occupation, trade or calling, for 12 months next preceding the time they offer to register.

Second, the owner in good faith in his own right or the husband of a woman who is the owner of 40 acres of land situated in the state, upon which they reside, or the husband of any woman who is the owner in her own name of real estate situated in this state valued at $300 or more, or the owner or the husband of a woman who is the owner in her own right of personal property in this state assessed for taxation at $300 or more; provided that all taxes due by him for the year next preceding the year in which he offers to vote shall have been paid.

Section 7—The following persons shall be disqualified both from registering and from voting:

All idiots and insane persons, those who shall be disqualified from voting at the time of the ratification of this constitution and those who shall have been convicted of treason, arson, murder, embezzlement, malfeasance in office, larceny, obtaining property or money under false pretenses, perjury, subornation of perjury, robbery, assault with intent to rob, forgery, burglary, assault and battery on the wife, bigamy, living in adultery, receiving stolen property, sodomy, incest, rape, miscegenation, crime against nature or any crime punishable by imprisonment in the penitentiary or for any infamous crime or crimes involving moral turpitude; also persons who shall have been convicted as vagrants and tramps and any person who shall sell or offer to sell his vote or the vote of another, or who shall buy or offer to buy the vote of another in any election by the people or in any primary election of any person to any office, or who shall suborn any witness or registrar to secure the registration of any person as an elector.

Section 14—The poll tax mentioned in this article shall be $1.50 upon each male inhabitant of the state, over the age of 21 years and under the age of 45 years, not now exempt by law.

A minority report presented by the commissioners disagrees from the majority report only in the section referring to the "grandfather clause."

Civil Government in Philippines.

Manila, July 1.—Thursday, July 4, was the inauguration day of the civil government and moving day for the military headquarters, which were transferred to the former Spanish headquarters outside the walled city. The palace will be occupied exclusively by the civil government. General Chaffee, who assumed command Thursday, will occupy Judge Tift's residence, and Judge Taft will remove to the Malacanan palace.

Plundering Villages.

Constantinople, July 4.—Reports from Mursh, in Kurdistan, say the Kurds have killed 14 Armenians and are plundering villages, in consequence of the belief that the Armenians killed a Kurd who was sheriff of Aghan.

Villa formerly meant a farm and not a house.

HIGH PRAISE.

Rev. Enoch Hill, of Grand Junction, Iowa, Indorses Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

From the Erie Headlight, Grand Junction, Ia.

No higher praise can be offered nor better references given concerning the virtues of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People than the many voluntary testimonials from ministers of the gospel which have come from all parts of the country. One of these is from Rev. Enoch Hill, pastor of the M. E. church of Grand Junction, Iowa, who says:

"I am a firm believer in the efficacy of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, the remedy having been used in my family with highly gratifying results. For three or four years I was a sufferer from general debility. I seemed to be lacking in vitality, was tired out most of the time and sleep gave me no rest or refreshment. I was troubled with headache much of the time and my illness incapacitated me for energetic work in my pastorate.

"A sister-in-law living in Nebraska, who had suffered very much and who had used Dr. Williams's Pink Pills with good results, recommended them to me and I decided to try them. I had taken but two or three doses of the pills when I found that they were helping me, and further use of the remedy brought solid relief that I am glad to offer this public recommendation of Dr. William's Pink Pills for Pale People in the interest of suffering humanity.

"My wife was troubled much as I was and the pills also proved of great benefit to her.

I have recommended the pills to many whom I have met in my work and am always pleased to indorse the medicine, the excellence of which has been established within my own observation."

Signed, REV. ENOCH HILL.

At all druggists or direct from Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y., on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes, $2.50.

Parie on Board.

South Norwalk, Conn., July 1.—Seven hundred employes of the John W. Green hat factory left Danbury for an excursion to Glen Island, the steamer Mohawk being chartered for the trip. After spending the day on the island the party boarded the steamer for the return trip at about 8 o'clock. The steamer had been under way about 10 minutes when the excursionists were startled by a tremendous crash, the ship having struck a rock.

A panic prevailed, during which every one of the 700 passengers on board scrambled for the life preservers. In the crush which followed women and children were knocked down and trampled upon. One child had an arm broken, and another was picked up seriously injured about the body.

During the time the steamer had been steadily settling, and 10 minutes after the crash the first deck was submerged. Three minutes later, at which time the accident occurred had by this time nearly reached the disabled steamer. They immediately went to the rescue of the passengers who jumped overboard. The passengers on the second deck were by this time in nearly half had a predicament as their fellow excursionists on the first deck had been a short time before. The water was just beginning to wash over the deck when an excursion boat arrived from Glen island and took on board the remaining passengers.

Must Serve His Sentence.

Portland, Ore., July 3.—A special from Salem, Ore., says:

The supreme court has handed down a decision in the case of Frank McDaniels, who was convicted at Portland for the murder of Claire Fitch in Cycle park in July, 1899. The decision sustains the judgment of the lower court, and McDaniels will have to serve his sentence of 15 years in the penitentiary.

Mrs. Kennedy Got Ten Years.

Kansas City, July 1.—Lulu Prince Kennedy has been sentenced by Judge Wolford to serve 10 years in the penitentiary for the murder of her husband, Philip Kennedy, in the corridor of the Ridge building in January last. She heard the sentence without the slightest display of emotion.

Library for Detroit.

Detroit, July 3.—George W. Radford, member of the Detroit public library board, has received a letter from Andrew Carnegie, stating that Mr. Carnegie will contribute $75,000 toward the erection of a new public library building in this city.

Packing House Burned.

San Jose, Cal., July 2.—Four hundred and fifty tons of dried fruit was destroyed by the burning of the fruit packing house of George N. Herbert, near this city. Loss about $60,000, insurance $40,000.

President Eliot announced at the Harvard alumni dinner that J. P. Morgan had given more than one million dollars for the erection of three of the five buildings planned for the Harvard medical school in Boston. The gift is for the prosecution of applied biological research.

Bank President Died.

Saratoga, July 1.—Oliver S. Carter, president of the National Bank of the Republic of the city of New York, died here from heart disease. He was born in Connecticut in 1825.

COLUMBIA WON FIRST RACE

CONSTITUTION WAS DEFEATED.

Last Year's Winner Won in a Trial Race—Forty-Two Seconds Ahead—Went Over a Thirty Mile Windward and Leeward Course.

Bateman's Point, R. I., July 2.—When the Constitution and Columbia hoisted sail for the first race of the season between the America's cup defender yachts the breeze inside the bay was very light, and the yachts had some difficulty in getting out of the starting point. The contest was a windward and leeward affair of 30 miles. By the time the yachts had reached the lightship they found a good breeze from the southwest, and at 10:30 there seemed little chance for a postponement. Both yachts came out of the harbor with large clubtop sails set. The Columbia was the first out, but she was only a few minutes ahead of the Constitution. The boats were almost identical in appearance. After waiting at the lightship for about 10 minutes the judges apparently decided that the wind was too near the southwest to risk starting from the lightship, so the whole fleet started off to the eastward.

On the way signals were hoisted on the flagship for a windward beat for 15 miles and return.

The preparatory gun was fired at 11:30. Five minutes later the warning signal was given.

Both yachts at the time were on the leeward of the line, the Constitution being farther away. Both yachts at once began maneuvering for position. The starting gun was fired at 11:40. The Columbia crossed the line first and to the windward at 11:40:22 and the Constitution right under her lee at 11:40:23. Both boats went over the line on a starboard tack, the wind being about southwest. In the first half of a mile the Columbia pulled up a bit on the Constitution. Later, however, the new boat drew up on her, so that she was almost on even terms, though still to the leeward. When the yachts had covered about a mile of the course they were still standing out to sea on the starboard tack. The Columbia, from this point, seemed to have gained a bit to windward. During the next five minutes the Columbia outpointed the Constitution and was apparently gaining to windward.

At 12:40 p. m. the Constitution was sailing under fore staysail and baby jib topsail. The Columbia was running away from her and was almost a mile ahead of the new boat, going very fast.

At 12:46 the Constitution reset her jib, but was over a mile astern of the Columbia. It looked as if the new boat had her jib halyards carried away, as she was sailing without a jib for more than 10 minutes.

The Columbia turned the outer mark at 1:25:05, the Constitution at 1:27:10.

The Columbia crossed the finish line at 2:32:35, the Constitution at 2:33:18.

Accident to Columbia.

Just after crossing the finish line the Columbia's main boom broke in the middle. This accident may cause a postponement of the second trial race, which was set for Wednesday.

Scattered the Boers.

London, June 30.—Lord Kitchener, in a dispatch from Pretoria, says:

"The Boers attacked the blockhouses on the Delagoa line near Brugspruit Bight June 26. An armored train arrived and scattered the Boers, killing four. It is reported that 20 wounded were carried off.

"Field Cornet Depriez has surrendered at Pietermaritzburg with 44 men."

Accidentally Shot.

Walla Walla, Wash., June 30.—Mrs. Will G. Campbell, wife of the secretary treasurer of the Sportsmen's Association of the Northwest, accidentally shot and badly wounded Johnnie Kelly, a bartender, on the tournament grounds.

Though 55 years of age, Lord Rosebery is still of boyish appearance, looking more like a lad just attaining his majority than a man who has turned the half century corner and carried the weight of premiership.

Pan-American Completed.

Buffalo, N. Y., July 1.—The Pan-American exposition is finally past the preparation stage. It is a splendid, completed reality, and its beauty and interest are steadily increasing the attendance.

About 40,000 people have been entering the gates daily, and at the present rate of increase the number will be 60,000 soon. Preparations are being made for a big day July 4, and this is expected to bring the day's attendance to the record mark of Dedication day, when over 100,000 people passed through the gates.

All the northwestern exhibits have been in place for over two weeks, and though additions are constantly being made and various plans for improvements being carried out, no important changes will be made.

The showing is undoubtedly a remarkably good one, as is attested by the interest of visitors. Inquiries from people planning to go west are many each day, and already several people have started for Washington and Oregon—some investors with much capital—as a result of the work at the exposition. In this respect the Washington representatives are working with enthusiasm and actually accomplishing things.

An American Won.

London, July 1.—A. F. Duffy, the American runner, at scratch, carried the Georgetown colors to the front at the London Athletic club meeting at Stamford Bridge in the final of the 100 yard handicap, with a high wind dead against him, and in a quick time, winning by a yard and a quarter in 10 seconds. C. H. Jupp, with a yard start, was second, and L. F. Trotter, with two and a half yards start, was third.

Duffy only disembarked Thursday and was doubtful whether he would compete in the final, but as the winners of the other heats had not bettered his time—10 1-5 seconds—he concluded to run, and won in great form.

Ninety Millions for Food.

London, July 2.—A blue book on India, just issued, shows that 18,390,000 pounds was expended for the relief of famine sufferers during the year 1899-1900.

The mortality from the plague for the five years ending March, 1901, was nearly 600,000. The census completed in March, 1901, shows that the increase in population during the past 10 years was only five to six millions, instead of the normal 10,000,000. The loss represents deaths in consequence of the famine.

Will Return to Pekin.

Berlin, July 3.—Nothing is known in German official circles regarding the news from Shanghai to the effect that Kan-Yong-Fu, in the province of Honan, is to become the Chinese capital. The latest reports received here from Pekin reiterate the statement that it is the court's intention to return to Pekin.

Bank Doors Are Closed.

Buffalo, N. Y., July 4.—The Niagara bank, a private institution, has closed its doors. The following notice has been posted on the doors:

"I have closed and taken possession of this bank. F. D. KILBURN,

"Superintendent of Banks."

Another Bank Fails.

Washington, July 1.—Comptroller of the Currency Dawes appointed a temporary receiver for the City National bank of Buffalo.

Columbia River Improvement.

Portland, July 1.—Chairman Burton of the house river and harbor committee took much interest in the trip up the Willamette valley, though he frankly admitted in an interview that the improvement of the Willamette river was not one of the hard problems before his committee. He said he had made considerable study of the Columbia improvement project, however, and the solution of the problem there presented he regarded as important.

"I have taken greater interest in the improvement of the Columbia river," said Mr. Burton, "than in other navigation project north of California. I regard its improvement as of the first importance. I would put the Lake Washington canal at Seattle second in the list for the Pacific northwest. Third in my estimation is the proposed jetty and revetment for a harbor of refuge at Neah bay. After our return from Alaska a majority of the committee will examine the upper Columbia and Snake rivers from Portland to Lewiston. I shall be among them."

The most expensive chair in existence belongs to the pope. It is made of solid silver and cost $90,000. An American banker presented it to the pontiff.

Learn to take pictures. The "A. B. C. of Photography" tells you how to do it. The best book on photography ever written. Your dealer can get it for you. Camera Craft, 330 Sutter street, San Farncico, Cal.

Samuel J. Cameron, an old veteran from Kansas, fell dead on the train at Puyallup, Washington. The train was stopped, the coroner called, who stated the cause of death was heart failure, making inquest unnecessary.

In future Tommy Atkins is to be supplied with beer instead of rum rations when he voyages to stations abroad.

Next to Warsaw, Berlin is the largest Polish city. Among its inhabitants there are about 70,000 Poles.

Alaska rates are restored and the warring companies have put first class fares back to $25.

Russia kills 3,000,000 ermines, 15,000,000 marmots and 25,000,000 squirrels in a year.

New York has a policeman who can speak seven languages.